Magnetism



Magnets and Magnetic Fields, p. 109

- 1. a. No
 - b. No
 - c. Magnet: A; Iron: B and C.

- **2.** Arrows should point away from S, toward N, building a composite picture of the magnetic field.
- **3.** Arrows should point away from S, toward N, mostly in the area between the ends of the magnet and around it.

Magnetism from Electricity, p. 110

- **1. a.** the field at A, B, C is pointing out (dot symbol); the field at D, E, F is pointing in (× symbol).
 - **b.** all reversed: the field at A, B, C is pointing in (× symbol); the field at D, E, F is pointing out (dot symbol)
- 2. the strength at point A is weaker than B, C, D or E, and about equal to that at F.
- **3.** All directions of field are opposite to the answers in questions 1. The relative strengths remain the same.

Magnetic Force, p. 111

- **1. a. v**-arrow to the right, **B**-arrow upward
 - **b.** •; $\mathbf{F} = 4.8 \times 10^{-14}$ N, upward, out of the page
- 2. a. v-arrow to the left, B-arrow upward
 - **b.** \times ; $\mathbf{F} = 4.8 \times 10^{-14}$ N, downward, into the page
 - c.0

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- 3. a. v-arrow to the right, B-arrow upward
 - **b.** •; $\mathbf{F} = 9.6 \times 10^{-14}$ N, upward, out of the page
 - **c.** 0
- **4.** No. When the force is not zero, it acts perpendicular to velocity. They move in a circle perpendicular to the magnetic field.

Mixed Review, pp. 113-114

- 1. a. The magnetic field from the leftmost segment is and stronger. The magnetic field from the rightmost segment is × and weaker.
 - **b.** At A, both horizontal segments contribute a \times magnetic field of equal strength
 - **c.** B; \times ; \times weaker; \times ; \times same

 $C; \times; \times \text{ same}; \times; \times \text{ same}$

 $D; \times; \times stronger; \times; \times same$

 $E; \times; \bullet \text{ stronger}; \times; \times \text{ same}$

d. No. They reinforce each other in the same direction.

- e. inside
- **2. a.** F = 4.3 N into the page
 - **b.** F = 0
- **3. a.** Diagrams should show clockwise current.
 - **b.** Starting from the left side: $\mathbf{F} = 1.1 \text{ N}$ into the page; $\mathbf{F} = 0$; $\mathbf{F} = 1.1$ N out of the page; $\mathbf{F} = 0$
 - **c.** Forces are equal and opposite, so no translational motion will occur, but it could rotate around a vertical axis.